DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)

TEST STEP		RESULT	ACTION TO TAKE
41-2		Yes	REPLACE diagnostic monitor. RECONNECT
	 Set ohmmeter on 200 ohm scale or AUTO. Measure resistance across Pin 17 (Circuit 617, PK/O) and Pin 2 (Circuit 624, Y/W) of diagnostic 	No	system. VERIFY system. REACTIVATE system. GO to 41-3.
	monitor harness connector. Is resistance reading less than 2 ohms?		
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\$1-3	CHECK RESISTANCE OF CENTER COWL PRIMARY CRASH SENSOR		
	Disconnect center cowl primary crash sensor from harness. Measure resistance across Circuits 617 (PK/O) and 624 (Y/W) in sensor connector. Is resistance reading less than 2 ohms?	Yes Yes Charles (2) Section 200	LOCATE and SERVICE open circuit in wiring harness between diagnostic monitor and center cowl primary crash sensor in either Circuit 617 (PK/O) or 624
			(Y/W). INSPECT all interconnections.

Diagnostic Trouble Code 42

Center Radiator Primary Crash Sensor Feed/Return Circuit Open

Normal Operation

The voltage at Pin 18 (Circuit 619, PK/W) is approximately 10 volts (\pm 1 volt). Circuit 619 is connected to Circuit 625 (Y/LG) inside the center radiator primary crash sensor. Therefore, the voltage at Pin 6 should be the same as the voltage at Pin 18. If the voltage at Pin 6 is lower than the voltage at Pin 18, the diagnostic monitor will flash code 42.

Possible Causes

Low voltage on Pin 6 can be caused by:

- 1. An open circuit in the wiring harness in either Circuit 619 (PK/W) or Circuit 625 (Y/LG).
- An open circuit in center radiator primary crash sensor across the PK/W and Y/LG wires.