6. INSTRUMENTS AND GAUGES

6-A. Speedometer (Cable Operated)

1. Speedometer does not work

- a. Check and verify that the speedometer cable is properly seated into the speedometer assembly and the speedometer drive gear.
- b. Check the speedometer cable for breakage or rounded-off cable ends where the cable seats into the speedometer drive gear and into the speedometer assembly. If damaged, broken or the cable ends are rounded off, replace the cable.
- c. Check speedometer drive gear condition and replace as necessary.
- d. Install a known good speedometer to test for proper operation. If the substituted speedometer functions properly, replace the speedometer assembly.

2. Speedometer needle fluctuates when driving at steady speeds.

- a. Check speedometer cable routing or sheathing for sharp bends or kinks. Route cable to minimize sharp bends or kinks. If the sheathing has been damaged, replace the cable assembly.
- b. Check the speedometer cable for adequate lubrication. Remove the cable, inspect for damage, clean, lubricate and reinstall. If the cable has been damaged, replace the cable.

3. Speedometer works intermittently

- a. Check the cable and verify that the cable is fully installed and the fasteners are secure.
- b. Check the cable ends for wear and rounding, and replace as necessary.

6-B. Speedometer (Electronically Operated)

1. Speedometer does not work

- a. Check the speed sensor pickup and replace as necessary.
- b. Check the wiring between the speed sensor and the speedometer

- for corroded terminals, loose connections or broken wires and clean or repair as necessary.
- c. Install a known good speedometer to test for proper operation. If the substituted speedometer functions properly, replace the speedometer assembly.

2. Speedometer works intermittently

- a. Check the wiring between the speed sensor and the speedometer for corroded terminals, loose connections or broken wires and clean or repair as necessary.
- b. Check the speed sensor pickup and replace as necessary.

6-C. Fuel, Temperature and Oil Pressure Gauges

1. Gauge does not register

- a. Check for a missing or blown fuse and replace as necessary.
- b. Check for an open circuit in the gauge wiring. Repair wiring as necessary.
- c. Gauge sending unit defective. Replace gauge sending unit.
- d. Gauge or sending unit improperly installed. Verify installation and wiring, and repair as necessary.

2. Gauge operates erratically

- a. Check for loose, shorted, damaged or corroded electrical connections or wiring and repair as necessary.
- b. Check gauge sending units and replace as necessary.

3. Gauge operates fully pegged

- a. Sending unit-to-gauge wire shorted to ground.
- b. Sending unit defective; replace sending unit.
- c. Gauge or sending unit not properly grounded.
- d. Gauge or sending unit improperly installed. Verify installation and wiring, and repair as necessary.

7. CLIMATE CONTROL

7-A. Air Conditioner

1. No air coming from air conditioner vents

- a. Check the air conditioner fuse and replace as necessary.
- b. Air conditioner system discharged. Have the system evacuated,
 charged and leak tested by an MVAC certified technician, utilizing approved recovery/recycling equipment. Repair as necessary.
- c. Air conditioner low pressure switch defective. Replace switch.
- d. Air conditioner fan resistor pack defective. Replace resistor pack.
- e. Loose connection, broken wiring or defective air conditioner relay in air conditioning electrical circuit. Repair wiring or replace relay as necessary.

2. Air conditioner blows warm air

a. Air conditioner system is discharged. Have the system evacuated, charged and leak tested by an MVAC certified technician,

- utilizing approved recovery/recycling equipment. Repair as necessary.
- b. Air conditioner compressor clutch not engaging. Check compressor clutch wiring, electrical connections and compressor clutch, and repair or replace as necessary.

3. Water collects on the interior floor when the air conditioner is used

- a. Air conditioner evaporator drain hose is blocked. Clear the drain hose where it exits the passenger compartment.
- b. Air conditioner evaporator drain hose is disconnected. Secure the drain hose to the evaporator drainage tray under the dashboard.

4. Air conditioner has a moldy odor when used

a. The air conditioner evaporator drain hose is blocked or partially re-stricted, allowing condensation to build up around the evapo-